

1. Who observed “Geography and Chronology, I may call, the sun and the moon, the right eye and the left of all history”?  
A) Henry Thomas Buckle            B) Richard Hakluyt  
C) A.L. Rowse                        D) Rausin
2. What was the famous dictum used by R.G. Collingwood to present his idea of history?  
A) “All history is the history of thought”  
B) “All history is contemporary”  
C) “History is a progressive realization of the Universal Idea”  
D) “The wish is father to the thought”
3. Which one is not related to Political History?  
A) Theory of Separation of Power  
B) Theory of Social Contract  
C) Great Man Theory  
D) Sovereignty Theory
4. Positive Interpretative Criticism formed a part of  
A) External Criticism                B) Lower Criticism  
C) Negative Criticism                D) Internal Criticism
5. Name the historian who defined generalization as “an explanatory relationship between phenomena”  
A) Max Weber                         B) Karl Marx  
C) Fernand Braudel                 D) Marc Bloch
6. Find out the category of research that “involves a keen perception of what is wanting, what is known and what remains to be known and then bringing out to light what had remained unknown”.  
A) Conceptual Research            B) Pure Research  
C) Empirical Research              D) Diagnostic Research
7. Herodotus visualizes the Greco-Persian contest as one between:  
A) Liberty and Suppression        B) Democracy and Autocracy  
C) Civilization and Barbarism      D) Republic and Despotism
8. Who was the scholar responsible for European Intellectual Revolution?  
A) David Hume                         B) Darwin  
C) Montesquieu                        D) Descartes
9. What was the scientific status offered to history by Comte?  
A) Social Physics                      B) Teleology  
C) Super Science                      D) Social Science



20. The greatest King of the early Cheras was -----  
 A) Senguttuvan B) Nedum Cheralathan  
 C) Uthiyar Cheralathan D) Uthayan Cheralathan
21. Which Siddhanta had its origin in Kerala?  
 A) Saiva B) Advaita  
 C) Anuloma D) Vaishnava
22. *The Zamorins of Calicut* was authored by -----  
 A) M.G.S. Narayanan B) K.A.N. Sastri  
 C) K.M. Panikkar D) K.V. Krishna Ayyar
23. Who stopped the practice of 'Uliyam' ?  
 A) MartandaVarma B) Rama Varma  
 C) Rani Gowri Parvathi Bai D) Rani Lakshmi Bai
24. The Travancore Legislative Council had its origin in -----  
 A) 1887 B) 1888 C) 1889 D) 1890
25. Who was the first Chancellor of the University of Travancore?  
 A) C.P. Ramaswami Iyer B) Lakshmanaswami Muddaliar  
 C) Rama Varma D) BalaramaVarma
26. E.V. Ramaswami Naicker participated in -----  
 A) Guruvayur Satyagraha B) Suchindram Satyagraha  
 C) Vaikom Satyagraha D) Salt Satyagraha
27. Point out the odd one which did not come under the Nivarthana Agitation  
 A) Ezhavas B) Nairs  
 C) Christians D) Muslims
28. Who was the first opposition leader of the Kerala State Assembly?  
 A) P.T. Thomas B) C.Kesavan  
 C) P.T. Chacko D) K.M. Mani
29. Name the Kerala Minister who is having the longest tenure in the State Assembly.  
 A) P.T. Thomas B) P.T. Chacko  
 C) P.C. Chacko D) K. M. Mani
30. The first woman governor of Kerala  
 A) FathimaBeevi B) Sheila Dixshit  
 C) Ram Dulari Sinha D) Jothi Venkatachalam
31. Who was the founder proprietor and editor of *Kerala Patrika*?  
 A) Achutha Menon B) Ramakrishna Pillai  
 C) Ulloor S. Parameswara Iyer D) C. Kunhirama Menon

32. The first Chairman of Kerala Human Rights Commission is -----  
 A) Justice J.B. Koshy                      B) Justice M.M. Pareethu Pillai  
 C) K.C. Rosakutty                         D) V.R. Kirshna Iyer
33. Point out the mismatch option  
 A) Kulasekhara Varman                      -                      *Mukundamala*  
 B) Rajasekhara Varman                      -                      *Vazhapalli Inscription*  
 C) Rama Varma Kulasekhara               -                      *Perumal Thirumozhi*  
 D) Sri Sankaracharya                        -                      *Advaita Vedanta*
34. Who were the Europeans to quit Kerala first?  
 A) Portuguese    B) Dutch                      C) Danes                      D) British
35. The first protem speaker of Kerala Assembly -----  
 A) R. Sankaranarayanan Thampi  
 B) Rosamma Punnoose  
 C) Alexander Parambithara  
 D) K.O. Aisha Bai
36. Which pre-historic site of India provided the earliest evidence of the use of pottery in the world?  
 A) Chopni-Mando                              B) Burzahom  
 C) Pirak    D) Gufkral
37. Mehrgarh, the earliest farming village in the subcontinent is located in the  
 A) Quetta Valley                                B) Hakra Valley  
 C) Bolan Valley                                 D) Bannu Valley
38. Most beautiful brick-work of the Harappans is found in the:  
 A) Dockyard    B) Great path    C) Fire altars    D) Citadel
39. Mobility of labour became the basis of -----  
 A) Neolithic Revolution                      B) Urban Revolution  
 C) Second Urbanisation                      D) Third Urbanisation
40. In the Chalcolithic Age, silver punch-marked coins were found in which culture?  
 A) Northern Black Polished Ware Culture  
 B) Painted Gray Ware culture  
 C) Black and Red Ware culture  
 D) Ochre coloured Pottery culture
41. Match the following name of the rulers with their respective Mahajanapadas and choose the correct option given below:  
 a. Ajatsatru                                      -                      1. Kosala  
 b. Pradyota                                        -                      2. Magadha  
 c. Udayana                                        -                      3. Avanthi  
 d. Prasenajita                                     -                      4. Vatsa  
 A) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2                              B) a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2  
 C) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1                              D) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3.

42. What is the cause ascribed by Romila Thapar to the emergence of Buddhism?  
 A) Rise of Kshatriyas and Vaisyas  
 B) Rise of the second Urbanization  
 C) Rise of protest movement against Brahmanical ritualism  
 D) Rise of peasants and growth of towns
43. Find out the odd one among the trinity that according to Jain philosophy offer a graduated pathway towards moksha.  
 A) Right Path  
 B) Right Faith  
 C) Right Knowledge  
 D) Right Conduct
44. Who was the director of trade for overall supervision and framing of the commercial policy of the Mauryan State?  
 A) Navadhyaksha  
 B) Panyadhyaksha  
 C) Sitadhyaksha  
 D) Rupadarshaka
45. "A monk in a king's garb" is referred to the king called -----  
 A) Kanishka  
 B) Vikramaditya  
 C) Harsha  
 D) Asoka
46. The political power in the post Mauryan age bearing the epithet *Dakshinapathapathi* was the  
 A) Saka Kshatrapas  
 B) Kushanas  
 C) Satavahanas  
 D) Rashtrakutas
47. What was the mainstay of the economy in the Kushana realm?  
 A) Trade  
 B) Agriculture  
 C) Craft Production  
 D) Mining and Metallurgy
48. Which were the two major ports of north India that figured prominently in the Periplus and Ptolemy's Geography?  
 A) Bactra and Kalyan  
 B) Pushkalavati and Begram  
 C) Barbaricum and Barygaza  
 D) Patalene and Peucolaotis
49. Which one is not an epic of the ancient Tamils?  
 A) *Kambaramayanam*  
 B) *Valayapathi*  
 C) *Kundalakesi*  
 D) *Jeevagachinthamani*
50. Which work of Kalidas does give a list of diverse varieties of rice produced?  
 A) *Ritusamhara*  
 B) *Raghuvamsa*  
 C) *Kumarasambhava*  
 D) *Meghaduta*
51. Mansabs collected revenue through the -----  
 A) Tqtadar  
 B) Poligar  
 C) Zamindar  
 D) Jagirdar





70. Dupleix was the governor of Pondicherry under the French Company called-----  
 A) Campaignie des Indes Orientales  
 B) Verenigde Oost-Indische Compagnie  
 C) Messieurs de Saint Malo  
 D) Campaignie Perpetuelle des Orientales
71. Match the tribal movements with their respective leaders and choose the correct option listed below :
- |                             |   |                   |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|
| a) Sanyasi Rebellion        | - | 1. Dudu Miyan     |
| b) Rangpur Peasant uprising | - | 2. Bhawani Pathak |
| c) Bhils uprising           | - | 3. Dirjinarain    |
| d) Faraizi Movement         | - | 4. Trimbakji      |
- |                       |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| A) a-4, b-1, c-2, d-3 | B) a-3, b-1, c-4, d-2 |
| C) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1 | D) a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2 |
72. Point out the states annexed by Dalhousie at its correct chronological sequence  
 A) Awadh – Sambalpur – Jhansi – Udaipur  
 B) Udaipur – Jhansi – Sambalpur – Awadh  
 C) Jhansi – Udaipur – Awadh – Sambalpur  
 D) Sambalpur – Udaipur – Jhansi – Awadh
73. Ghadar Party was formed under -----  
 A) Balwant Singh  
 B) Kesar Singh  
 C) Kartar Singh  
 D) Sohan Singh Bhaktna
74. Name the leader of the 1857 Mutiny who escaped to Nepal?  
 A) Kuer Singh  
 B) Begum Hazrat Mahal  
 C) Maulvi Ahmadullah  
 D) Tantia Tope
75. Who put forward the view that India while remaining the brightest jewel of the British Empire was one of the poorest countries in the world?  
 A) C.A. Bayly  
 B) Bipan Chandra  
 C) Amiya Bagchi  
 D) K.N. Chaudhuri
76. Whose minute approved and recommended the ‘Downward Filtration Theory’?  
 A) Macaulay  
 B) Auckland  
 C) Charles Grant  
 D) Charles Wood
77. Who wrote as follows: “It was the British intruder who broke up the Indian handloom and destroyed the spinning wheel”?  
 A) Bernard Shaw  
 B) Dadabhai Naoroji  
 C) Karl Marx  
 D) M.G. Ranade







97. Use the codes given below and match the Greek gods with their respective personification of natural phenomena
- |    |          |   |             |
|----|----------|---|-------------|
| a) | Zeus     | - | 1. Earth    |
| b) | Poseidon | - | 2. Sun      |
| c) | Demeter  | - | 3. Sea      |
| d) | Apollo   | - | 4. Open sky |
- 
- |    |                    |    |                    |
|----|--------------------|----|--------------------|
| A) | a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3 | B) | a-3, b-1, c-4, d-2 |
| C) | a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2 | D) | a-2, b-4, c-3, d-1 |
98. In the Minoan Civilization the splendid palace of King Minos was found at
- |    |          |    |         |
|----|----------|----|---------|
| A) | Phaistos | B) | Knossos |
| C) | Troy     | D) | Mycenae |
99. Find out the mismatch regarding measures adopted by Athenian law givers in the evolution of Athenian democracy
- |    |             |   |  |
|----|-------------|---|--|
| A) | Draco       | - | A written code of laws                 |
| B) | Solon       | - | Abolition of debt bondage              |
| C) | Cleisthenes | - | Constituted a Council of Four Hundred  |
| D) | Pericles    | - | Introduced system of payment of salary |
100. With whom did the Romans fight in the Punic wars?
- |    |               |    |           |
|----|---------------|----|-----------|
| A) | Macedonians   | B) | Plebeians |
| C) | Carthaginians | D) | Etruscans |
101. Which period in the Roman history is referred to as the period of the 'Conflict of the Orders'?
- |    |               |    |               |
|----|---------------|----|---------------|
| A) | 510 to 287 BC | B) | 753 to 510 BC |
| C) | 450 to 187 BC | D) | 510 to 367 BC |
102. Who was not a member of the second Triumvirate in Rome?
- |    |             |    |         |
|----|-------------|----|---------|
| A) | Mark Antony | B) | Lepidus |
| C) | Octavian    | D) | Crassus |
103. The Great Roman Empire fell in A.D -----
- |    |     |    |     |
|----|-----|----|-----|
| A) | 453 | B) | 476 |
| C) | 478 | D) | 395 |
104. Manors became the basis of
- |    |             |    |              |
|----|-------------|----|--------------|
| A) | Feudalism   | B) | Christianity |
| C) | Imperialism | D) | Monasticism  |
105. Rise of Ottoman Turks took place as a result of -----
- |    |                      |    |                      |
|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| A) | Fall of Roman Empire | B) | Fall of Feudalism    |
| C) | Crusades             | D) | Rise of Christianity |

106. In the history of Crusades Sultan Saladin was associated with:  
A) First Crusades                      B) Fourth Crusades  
C) Second and Third Crusades      D) Fifth Crusades
107. The emperor who drowned in the river Saleph during the Crusades?  
A) Louis IX                                B) Frederick Barbarossa  
C) Richard                                 D) Philip Augustus
108. Mercantile System was introduced by -----  
A) Henry VII                                B) Henry VIII  
C) Queen Mary                              D) Queen Elizabeth
109. Who says, “of all the intellectual weapons ever wielded by man the mockery of Voltaire was the most terrible”?  
A) G.W. Southgate                        B) Macaulay  
C) H.A.L. Fisher                          D) H.G. Wells
110. Spinning Jenny was invented by:  
A) James Hargreaves  
B) Samuel Crompton  
C) Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz  
D) Thomas James
111. *Philosophiae Naturalis Principia Mathematica* was authored by:  
A) Leibniz                                    B) Isaac Newton  
C) Alexis Clairaut                         D) Einstein
112. The division between Bolsheviks and Mensheviks in Russia started on the issue of:  
A) Centralism                                B) Tsarism  
C) World Communism                      D) Dialecticalism
113. The basic factor that led to the First World War was  
A) Belligerent Nationalism  
B) Race for Armament  
C) Open Imperialism  
D) Secret Diplomacy
114. The Great Depression took place as a result of the failure of -----  
A) Free Market  
B) European Mercantilism  
C) Paris Peace Settlement  
D) Market Economy Moves
115. Which city was the seat of the French Government in exile during World War II?  
A) Dunkirk                                    B) Algiers  
C) Varennes                                 D) Tours

116. ----- led to the beginning of the Second World War.  
A) Utrecht treaty                      B) Brest-Litovsk treaty  
C) Roman-Berlin-Tokyo Axis      D) Kellogg-Briand Pact
117. ----- is an international organization for collective defense in Southeast Asia.  
A) Manila Pact                      B) Warsaw Pact  
C) Kellogg- Briand Pact              D) Munich Pact
118. New Economic Policy of Vladimir Lenin stood for -----  
A) Market control                      B) Market registration  
C) Free market                      D) Market economy
119. ----- denotes the indirect political control of one nation over the other.  
A) Colonialism                      B) Imperialism  
C) Neo-imperialism                      D) Neo-colonialism
120. Kuwait Crisis was the outcome of -----  
A) Dollar Diplomacy                      B) Big Stick Diplomacy  
C) Oil Diplomacy                      D) Unipolar Diplomacy
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