

11. Who wrote ‘The Open Society and its Enemies’?
A) Amartya Sen B) K.R.Popper
C) Sabine D) Andrew Hacker
12. The Right to Information Act was passed by the Parliament in
A) 2000 B) 2002 C) 2005 D) 2007
13. Pressure groups first originated in the Political System of
A) U.K B) France C) Sweden D) U.S.A
14. France is associated with
A) Rule of Law B) Administrative Law
C) Commercial Law D) Socialist Law
15. Who said “Pushpin is as good as poetry.”?
A) J.S.Mill B) Locke
C) Bentham D) John Rawls
16. Who wrote the book ‘End of History’?
A) Daniel Bell B) A.G.Frank
C) Wallerstein D) Francis Fukuyama
17. Which one of the following rights was described by B.R.Ambedkar as the heart and soul of the Constitution?
A) Right to Freedom B) Right to Equality
C) Right to Freedom of Religion D) Right to Constitutional Remedies
18. The concept of power elite is associated with
A) Mosca B) Pareto
C) Wright Mills D) Sartori
19. Who described India as a “Functioning Anarchy”?
A) Morris Jones B) John Galbraith
C) Gunnar Myrdal D) Rejni Kothari
20. ‘Radical Humanism’ is associated with
A) Jayaprakash Narain B) M.N.Roy
C) Subhash Chandra Bose D) Bhagath Singh
21. Who was the exponent of scientific management theory?
A) F.W.Taylor B) Elton Mayo
C) Woodrow Wilson D) Riggs
22. Which one of the following is not a feature of Development Administration?
A) Action – oriented
B) Status quo oriented
C) Encourages participative decision
D) Requires functional leadership

23. Who defined International Politics as a struggle for power?
 A) Morgenthau B) Quincy Wrights
 C) Palmer Perkins D) Mortan A.Kaplan
24. The Minnowbrook conference produced the first coherent grammar of
 A) Public Administration B) Public Choice Theory
 C) New Public Administration D) Rational Choice Approach
25. The term 'North' referring to industrialized economies was adopted by
 A) Brandt Commission B) Nelson Mandela Commission
 C) Bruntland Commission D) Wallerstein Commission
26. Interstate Council under Art.263 of the Constitution of India is a mechanism for the resolution of
 A) Conflict between States and Union Territories
 B) Conflict between the Union and the States
 C) Conflict between the Union and States and between the States
 D) Conflict between the Union and Union Territories
27. Right to Freedom of Religion has been granted under Articles
 A) 29 to 31 B) 25 and 26
 C) 25 to 28 D) 25 to 47
28. Max Weber regarded Bureaucracy as the most efficient form of organization because of the exercise of
 A) Traditional Authority B) Rational Legal Authority
 C) Charismatic Authority D) Hereditary Authority
29. Who said "Covenants, without the sword, are but words."?
 A) Machiavelli B) Aristotle
 C) Hobbes D) Rousseau
30. Who wrote "Wherever Law ends, Tyranny begins"?
 A) Plato B) J.S.Mill
 C) Hobbes D) Locke
31. Who stated that "Princes and Republics who wish to maintain themselves free from corruption must above all things preserve the purity of all religious observations and treat them with proper reverence; for there is no greater indication of the ruin of a country than to see religion condemned."?
 A) Machiavelli B) Hobbes
 C) Locke D) Bodin
32. The theory that all concepts are derived from experience is called
 A) Historicism B) Rationalism
 C) Empiricism D) Apriorism

33. Who said "History is a graveyard of Aristocracies"?
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| A) Paul Appleby | B) Pareto |
| C) David Easton | D) Robert Michels |
34. Surplus value is the
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| A) Difference between the exchange value of commodity and the value of labour power |
| B) Difference between buying and selling |
| C) Interest Rate |
| D) Value of labour power |
35. Who regarded property as a natural right?
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| A) Locke | B) Machiavelli |
| C) Hobbes | D) Marx |
36. Which theory argues that due to the exploitative nature of the relationship between advanced capitalist societies and the third world, the development of the former resulted in the underdevelopment of the latter?
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|---------------------------|----------------------|
| A) End of Ideology | B) Neo-liberalism |
| C) Clash of civilizations | D) Dependency theory |
37. Who among the following made a distinction between 'self regarding' and 'other regarding' aspects of Liberty?
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| A) Locke | B) John Rawls |
| C) J.S.Mill | D) Nozik |
38. Which theory seeks to establish the relationship between electoral process and the Party System?
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| A) Mosca's theory | B) Robert Michel's theory |
| C) Weber's theory | D) Duverger's theory |
39. The system of double citizenship prevails in which federal country?
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| A) Canada | B) India |
| C) U.S.A | D) Nigeria |
40. Who wrote 'Homo-Hierarchins'?
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| A) Louis Dumont | B) Nicholas Dirks |
| C) Gerald Berreman | D) Kautilya |
41. In which case Supreme Court maintained that 'judicial review' is the basic feature of the Indian Constitutional System which cannot be taken away even by amending the Constitution?
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| A) S.R.Bommai Case | B) Minerva Mills Case |
| C) Maneka Gandhi Case | D) Indra Sawhney Case |
42. 'Politics in India' is written by
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| A) Zoya Hassan | B) C.P.Bhambhri |
| C) Rajni Kothari | D) Rajiv Bharghava |

43. Who defined Political Sociology as the study of the inter-relationship between Society and Polity, between Social structures and Political institutions?
- A) R.Bendix B) S.M.Lipset
 C) Robert Dowse D) Michael Rush
44. Who defined “A Political System is any persistent pattern of human relationship that involves to a significant extent, power, rule and authority”?
- A) David Easton B) James S.Coleman
 C) Robert A Dahl D) Gabriel Almond
45. Who developed Communication Theory?
- A) Karl Deutsch B) Pareto
 C) Mosca D) David Apter
46. Who wrote the book ‘The Politics of Developing Areas’?
- A) Daniel Lerner B) Karl Deutsch
 C) Almond and Coleman D) David Apter
47. Who analysed political development in terms of cultural diffusion and of adapting, fusing and adjusting old patterns of life to new demands?
- A) Paul A.Baran B) James Coleman
 C) Lucian Pye D) Edward Shills
48. In which book Marx argued that social class conflict is the most basic fundamental and influential source of all social changes?
- A) Communist Manifesto B) Das Capital
 C) Poverty of Philosophy D) The Civil War in France
49. Who wrote “the political elite comprises the power holders of a body politic”?
- A) Lasswell B) Wright Mills
 C) Robert Michels D) Raymond Aron
50. The book ‘The Mind and Society’ is written by
- A) Carlyle B) Pareto
 C) Mosca D) Weber
51. Who defined pressure groups as “Private associations formed to influence Public Policy.”?
- A) David Truman B) V.O.Key
 C) Newcombe D) Michels
52. The Constitution of India describes India as a
- A) Federation B) Quasi-federal
 C) Union of States D) Unitary System
53. The principle of “Greatest happiness of the greatest number” was advocated by
- A) Individualists B) Socialists
 C) Utilitarians D) Idealists

54. Who among the following is considered as the Father of Comparative Politics?
A) Montesquieu B) Marx
C) Polybius D) Aristotle
55. According to Marxian theory, which “State will wither away”?
A) Capitalist State B) Feudal State
C) Proletarian State D) Socialist State
56. The due process clause is the salient feature of judicial review in
A) India B) U.S.A
C) Britain D) France
57. Who coined the acronym ‘POSDCORB’?
A) Herbert Simon B) Pfiffner
C) Luther Gulick D) Woodrow Wilson
58. Decision-making theory in Public Administration is associated with
A) F.W.Taylor B) F.W.Riggs
C) Herbert Simon D) Chris Argyris
59. Who wrote ‘Administration in Developing Countries: The Theory of Prismatic Society’?
A) Mayo B) Wilson
C) Weidner D) Riggs
60. The concept of Development Administration was first coined by
A) Edward Weidner B) A.Avasthi
C) Riggs D) Weber
61. World System Theory is associated with
A) Kaplan B) Appadurai
C) Immanuel Wallerstein D) Fukuyama
62. The SALT I agreement was signed in
A) 1969 B) 1972 C) 1979 D) 1981
63. In which year Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan?
A) 1975 B) 1979 C) 1980 D) 1982
64. The Nuclear Test Ban Treaty was signed in the year
A) 1963 B) 1965 C) 1972 D) 1975
65. Who is considered as the father of the idea of Pakistan?
A) M.A Jinnah B) Liaquat Ali Khan
C) H.S.Suhrawardy D) Dr.Iqbal
66. The term ‘Cold War’ was used by
A) Bernard Baruch B) Roosevelt
C) Churchill D) Stalin

67. Which conference finally formulated the Five Principles of peaceful co-existence (Panch Sheel)?
 A) Belgrade B) Bandung
 C) Cairo D) Lusaka
68. Which Non-Aligned Summit (NAM) called for a 'New world order based on a collective commitment to peace and justice'?
 A) Seventh B) Eighth
 C) Ninth D) Tenth
69. Who formulated the theory of 'Iron Law of Oligarchy'?
 A) Karl Marx B) Peter Blau
 C) Robert Michels D) Reinhard Bendix
70. Who argued that women/men make their own history?
 A) Hegel B) Marx
 C) Rawls D) Hobbes
71. Who wrote 'The Structure of Social Action'?
 A) Talcott Parsons B) Weber
 C) Wright Mills D) David Easton
72. The pioneer of Neo-realism in international politics is
 A) Samir Amin B) Quincy Wright
 C) Kenneth N Waltz D) David Held
73. Who wrote that "the sovereignty of nation-states has been, and even more, compromised by the international interconnections of the world economy"?
 A) Wallerstein B) Paul Baran
 C) Dahl D) Truman
74. The book 'Political Power and Social Classes' is written by
 A) Frankel B) Jessop
 C) Poulantzas D) Ralph Miliband
75. Who advocated that politics should comply with the norms of an objective, value-free and accurate science?
 A) Traditionists B) Behaviourists
 C) System theory D) Marxist theory
76. Who held that the state and its bureaucracy are class instruments that emerged to coordinate a divided society in the interest of the ruling class?
 A) Weber B) Marx
 C) Hegel D) Hobbes
77. Which perspective of the State, advocates the 'retreat of the State'?
 A) Liberalism B) Marxism
 C) Neo-liberalism D) Gandhism

78. Who formulated the 'ecological approach' to public administration?
A) Dwight Waldo
B) Fred Riggs
C) Weber
D) Marx
79. Any law that abridges fundamental rights will be in violation of
A) Federal principle
B) Judicial review
C) Basic structure doctrine
D) Directive principles
80. Methodological individualism is one of the basic assumptions of
A) Loop Model of Democracy
B) New Right Philosophy
C) Public choice approach
D) Principle-agent theory
81. Supreme Court of India was founded on
A) January 24, 1950
B) January 26, 1950
C) January 27, 1950
D) January 28, 1950
82. Who said "On the 26th of January, 1950 we are going to enter into a life of contradiction. In politics we will have equality and in social and economic life, we will have inequality."?
A) M.K Gandhi
B) Jawaharlal Nehru
C) B.R. Ambedkar
D) Jayaprakash Narain
83. Who described the state as an "indecipherable mystery"?
A) Robert Nozick
B) David Easton
C) Charles Merriam
D) Nicos Poulantzas
84. Which Constitution Bill seeks to allot one-third (33 percent) of the seats in the Lok Sabha and in State Assemblies to women?
A) 100th Amendment
B) 105th Amendment
C) 106th Amendment
D) 108th Amendment
85. Carter Doctrine refers to America's intention to use military force to protect the interests in
A) South Asia
B) Latin America
C) Persian Gulf
D) East Asia
86. Neo-colonialism means mainly
A) Military domination of foreign countries
B) Economic domination of foreign countries
C) Cultural domination of foreign countries
D) Social domination of other countries
87. 'Stages of Growth' thesis is put forward by
A) Lenin
B) Samir Amin
C) W.W Rostow
D) Immanuel Wallerstein

88. In a Parliamentary form of Government, which one of the following is the real executive?
 A) President B) Cabinet
 C) Bureaucracy D) Parliament
89. The need for local Government can be justified primarily on the ground of
 A) Administrative efficiency
 B) Political expediency
 C) Promoting local leadership
 D) The principle of grass-root democracy
90. In Gandhi's ideal society, the state has no role to play because
 A) It comprises of individuals who attained inner swaraj
 B) It is a market model of society
 C) It is based on a world Government
 D) It is based on free associations
91. Gandhi offered a critique of Western Civilization in his book
 A) An Experiment with Truth B) Hind Swaraj
 C) Civil Disobedience D) Young India
92. Who wrote 'Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism'?
 A) J.A Hobson B) Paul Sweezy
 C) Lenin D) Marx
93. Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted by the General Assembly in
 A) 1945 B) 1948
 C) 1950 D) 1952
94. In the United Nations General Assembly decisions on important questions are made by
 A) Simple majority B) Three-fourth majority
 C) Two-thirds majority D) Unanimously
95. Switzerland is an example of
 A) Single executive B) Plural executive
 C) Federal executive D) Unitary executive
96. The main aim of a Political Party is
 A) Political education B) Capture power
 C) Political socialization D) To increase local bases of support
97. The elitist theory of democracy rejects the view that
 A) Democracy is a rule of the majority
 B) Democracy is a Government by a select group of people
 C) Democracy is the best form of Government
 D) In democracy the moral worth of the individual is recognized

98. The most influential exponent of Game Theories and the decision-making approach in international politics is
A) Hedley Bull B) Richard Synder
C) Rosenau D) E.H.Carr
99. The foremost system theorists in comparative public administration is
A) Fred W.Riggs B) Herbert Simon
C) Edward Weidner D) David Easton
100. Development Administration is related to
A) Goal and action-oriented B) Modernisation
C) Westernisation D) Planning and organization-oriented
101. Prismatic-Sala models have been formulated to explain the
A) Administrative ecology of developing societies
B) Political structure of developed societies
C) Administrative ecology of socialist societies
D) Administrative ecology of primitive societies
102. The element of anti-intellectualism in Mosca's philosophy was a result of the influence of
A) Marx B) Michels
C) Schumpeter D) Pareto
103. Who among the following is associated with the theory of minimal winning coalition?
A) William Riker B) Maurice Duverger
C) Sartori D) Robert Michels
104. The Supreme Court of India is different from its counterpart in the USA
A) In its role as the guardian of the Constitution
B) In its advisory role
C) In its role as the supreme authority in the judicial field in the country
D) In its writ jurisdiction
105. Which one of the following is not a hypothesis?
A) Reservation of women in Panchayat Raj institutions can improve their social status
B) Education can create political awareness among the people
C) 30 percent of the people in India live below poverty line
D) People's participation in the planning process can lead to rural development
106. Research Design is a
A) Brief statement of what we intend to do
B) Detailed statement to guide us on what we do
C) Tools and techniques of research
D) Conceptual framework

107. Karl Deutsch defines political modernization in terms of
 A) Participation or mobilization
 B) Citizenship
 C) Political education
 D) Cultural pluralism
108. Political culture is the manifestation in aggregate form of
 A) The psychological and subjective dimension of politics
 B) The economic and objective dimension of politics
 C) The sociological and political dimension
 D) Philosophical and political dimension
109. The circulation of elites is one of the fundamental ideas of the political theory of
 A) Robert Dahl
 B) Lucian Pye
 C) Pareto
 D) Wright Mills
110. Who wrote the book 'Sociological Imagination'?
 A) Max Weber
 B) Emile Durkheim
 C) Thomas Kuhn
 D) Wright Mills
111. Behaviouralism has been considered irrelevant to vital political concerns by the pursuit of
 A) Petty methodological purity
 B) Holistic approach
 C) Historical approach
 D) Sociological approach
112. Dependency Theory emerged in response to
 A) The crisis of development in the Third World
 B) The crisis of development in the Socialist World
 C) The crisis of development in the Capitalist World
 D) The crisis of development in the Post-industrial Societies
113. What percentage of the nation wide Lok Sabha votes is required for recognition of political parties as national parties in India?
 A) 3 percent
 B) 4 percent
 C) 5 percent
 D) 6 percent
114. Indian Constitution says that no person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to
 A) Procedure established by convention
 B) Procedure established by law
 C) Procedure established by international law
 D) Due process of law

115. Judiciary must be independent, otherwise it cannot perform its function of
- A) Deciding cases between the State and the individual
 - B) Deciding cases between the Centre and the States
 - C) Deciding inter-State disputes
 - D) Deciding international disputes
116. National integration in India is possible only by
- A) Removal of uneven development of regions and ethnicities
 - B) Scrapping the undemocratic acts
 - C) Strong action by the Central Government
 - D) Strong and effective action by State Governments
117. In which case, the Supreme Court stated that Fundamental Rights cannot be amended under Article 368?
- A) Maneka V Union of India
 - B) Gopalan V State of Madras
 - C) Keshavanand V State of Kerala
 - D) Golaknath V State of Punjab
118. Impeachment proceedings against the President of India can be initiated in
- A) Rajya Sabha
 - B) Lok Sabha
 - C) Either House of Parliament
 - D) Supreme Court
119. Public choice theory aims at abolishing the monopoly of
- A) Market
 - B) Private sector
 - C) Competition
 - D) Government
120. Administrative ideas must be seen in the context of
- A) The environment in which they develop
 - B) Historical specificity
 - C) Economic structure
 - D) Cultural background

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